

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/961,126	09/21/2001		Stephen R. Schmidt	28748/37575 4200	
4743	7590	01/18/2005		EXAMINER	
MARSHAI 6300 SEAR	-	ΓΕΙΝ & BORUN	CORCORAN, GLADYS J PIAZZA		
233 S. WAC		'E	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO,	IL 60606		1733		

DATE MAILED: 01/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/961,126	SCHMIDT, STEPHEN R.				
Authory Motion	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Gladys JP Corcoran	1733				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
THE REPLY FILED January 6, 2005 FAILS TO PLACE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to available rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applica) a timely filed amendment whicl	ation. A proper reply to a h places the application in				
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]					
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of the under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Official intelly filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Official Intelly filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment.	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE date on which the petition under 37 CF of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply ce later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension on the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or				
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR	R 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal o					
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:					
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);				
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	pelow);					
(c) they are not deemed to place the application is issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the				
(d) they present additional claims without canceli	ng a corresponding number of fi	inally rejected claims.				
NOTE:						
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	, · 					
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 	be allowable if submitted in a se	eparate, timely filed amendment				
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: Se	reconsideration has been consi e Continuation Sheet.	dered but does NOT place the				
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaused by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY t	o issues which were newly				
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we						
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>10,11,16,17 and 35</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
8. ☐ The drawing correction filed on is a) ☐ appl	roved or b) disapproved by tl	he Examiner.				
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemer	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	·				
10. Other:						
		Gradye JP Corcoran Primary Examiner Art Unit: 1733				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 11-03) Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

As to the remarks section filed on January 6, 2005:

Applicant argues on pages 4 to 5 that the Specification is replete with references to a water supply and a starch supply which combine to form an adhesive and that such a combination is readily known by anyone in the industry. Whether combining starch and water is known in the art to form an adhesive is not the issue in the rejection in paragraph 3 of the prior Office Action filed on September 3 2004. The claim 10 recites an apparatus where a water supply device applies water to only a plurality of crests and a starch supply device applies starch to only a plurality of crests and that "the water and starch combining to form an adhesive joining the first and second webs of medium together." Consequently the claim recites that the water from the water supply device is combined with the starch from the starch supply device to form an adhesive. Applicant's arguments and references to the Specification are directed to starch and water in general being combined and supplied together to the corrugated board in the art, while this may be so, this is not what is recited in the claim. Additionally, the test of the written description requirement is not of what is generally known in the art, but rather subject matter described in the original Specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Throughout the Specification, the adhesive joining the layers is applied from the adhesive supply device (which may be a starch slurry) and the starch slurry heated such that the powdered starch granules burst, gelatinize, and form a glue (page 10, lines 16-17). In fact, the Specification even discloses that the water from the slurry i absorbed into the corrugated layer before the slurry becomes an adhesive (page lines 16-18). There is no disclosure that the water from the water supply device is combined with the starch supplied from the starch supply device to form an adhesive joining the first and second mediums of web together.

Applicant argues on page 5, that the Wallick references do not provide separate water and starch supply devices. Again, the claims are apparatus claims, the material worked upon does not further limit apparatus claims (see MPEP §2115). The Wallick reference discloses an applicator 48 which reads on Applicant's "water supply device" and a glue station 42 which reads on Applicant's "starch supply device".

Applicant argues on page 5, that the Examiner's statement that the resin applicator of Wallick is the same as the water supply device is an impermissible leap. As discussed above, these are apparatus claims, the material worked upon does not further limit apparatus claims (see MPEP §2115). The applicator 48 is fully capable of supplying water, which is all that is required in the current claims. In fact, the applicator 48 in Wallick does in fact apply water as the resinous material applies is in an aqueous solution (emulsion o latex), consequently water is applied through the device 48. Furthermore, the Specification does not define the wetting supply device as a particular structure any different from those in the references (see page 6 line 20 to page 7, line 3; page 7, line 20 to page 8, line 8; pag 8, line 16 to page 9, line 4). The Specification also discloses that "a wetting agent such as water with or without adhesives is applied" (page 10, lines 11-12), further showing that the wetting agent supply device is not particular to just water nor has a particular structure jus for water. Consequently, all the current limitations are met by the references as recited in the prior Office Action.

Applicant argues on page 6 that the Wallick references do not disclose many of the pending elements. As discussed in the rejections of the prior Office Action and the paragraphs above, all the current limitations of the claims are shown by the references.

Applicant argues on page 6 that Examiner's statement that the spraying device 6 of Swift is "capable of supplying water" is not sufficient for an obviousness rejection. again, the claims are apparatus claims, the material worked upon does not further limit apparatus claims (see MPEP §2115). The structure and the function of the water supply device as claimed is no different than that shown by the references.

Applicant argues on pages 6 and 7 that there are structural differences between the pending claims and the prior art and that the resulting combination results in a significant improvement in the industry. Applicant does not state what the structural differences are nor the significant improvements in the industry. As discussed in the prior Office Action, all the limitations of the claims are met by the cited references.

Applicant is reminded that discourteous comments in papers are not taken lightly by the Office (see MPEP §714.25).

As to the declaration filed on January 6, 2005:

The declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed January 6, 2005 is insufficient to overcome the rejections of claim 10, 11, 16, 17 and 35 based upon Wallick '391, Wallick '458, Westphal, Miller, and/or Swift as set forth in the last Office action because:

For the claims rejected under 35 USC 102, objective evidence can not overcome claims anticipated by the prior art (see MPEP §706.02(b) for examples on how to overcome 35 USC 102 rejections).

For the claims rejected under 35 USC 103, the declaration does not provide sufficient objective evidence to overcome the rejections (see MPEP §716 for proper objective evidence). As to the substance of the declaration, the statements declared in the declaration are not germane to the currently recited claim limitations. Additionally, the declaration recites needs in the art without direct links to the claimed limitations that fulfill those needs.